What is claimed is:

 An organic photoconductor comprising a composition of a charge generating layer and a charge transport layer on a conductive base, wherein:

crossing angle θ of two tangent lines is 70° or more, two tangent lines which border on a curve drawn by plotting integrated values of detected current versus time in measurement of transient photocurrent (TOF measurement), at a field intensity of $10V/\mu m$; and

film thickness of the charge transport layer is 8 to $15\mu\text{m}.$

- 2. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, wherein an electrostatic image is formed by recoding a digital image in resolution of 1200dpi or more.
- 3. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, wherein a content of a charge transport material in the charge transport layer is about 20 to about 35% by mass.
- 4. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, wherein the content of charge transport material in the charge transport layer is 20 to 35% by mass.
- 5. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, further comprising a surface protection layer.

- 6. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, wherein the film thickness of the charge transport layer is 9 to $14\mu\text{m}$.
- 7. The organic photoconductor of claim 1, comprising an intermediate layer between the charge transport layer and the conductive base.
- 8. The organic photoconductor of claim 7, wherein volume resistance of the intermediate layer is 1 x 10 8 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ or more.
- 9. The organic photoconductor of claim 7, wherein the intermediate layer comprises particles of N type semiconductor.
- 10. The organic photoconductor of claim 2, comprising an intermediate layer between the charge transport layer and the conductive support, wherein the content of a charge transport material in the charge transport layer is 20 to 35% by mass.
- 11. An image forming apparatus comprising the organic photoconductor of claim 1, an charging member, an exposure member and a developing member.

- 12. An image forming apparatus of claim 11, wherein the exposure member exposes light on the organic photoconductor to form an image having resolution of 1200dpi or more.
- 13. The image forming apparatus of claim 11, wherein the charging member charges the organic photoconductor in charging potential of about -200 to about -400V.
- 14. The image forming apparatus of claim 11, comprising a photoconductor actuating member capable to drive the organic photoconductor in line speed of 300mm/sec or more.
- 15. The image forming apparatus of claim 14, wherein the charging member charges the organic photoconductor in charging potential of -200 to -400V.
- 16. The image forming apparatus of claim 15, wherein the exposure member records a digital image onto the organic photoconductor in resolution of 1200 to 3000dpi.
- 17. A process cartridge removable to an image forming apparatus comprising the organic photoconductor of claim 1 and at least one of a charging member, an exposure

member, a developing member, a transferring member and a cleaning member.

18. An image forming method comprising:

charging the organic photoconductor of claim 1,

exposing of the charged organic photoconductor in

resolution of 1200dpi or more, and

developing an electrostatic latent image formed by the exposure.

- 19. The image forming method of claim 18, wherein the organic photoconductor is charged in charging potential of -200 to -400V.
- 20. The image forming method of claim 19, comprising rotating the organic photoconductor in line speed of 300mm/sec or more.